1	[Commending Tibetan Freedom Torch and Global Human Rights Torch Relay]
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3	Resolution commending the Tibetan Freedom Torch and the Global Human Rights
4	Torch Relay in their efforts to raise awareness regarding human rights violations in
5	China and urging the San Francisco City Representatives accepting the Beijing 2008
6	Olympic Torch to welcome the Torch in the explicit spirit of Olympism, consistent with
7	the United Nations Charter established in this City, and the United Nations Universal
8	Declaration of Human Rights.
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10	WHEREAS, The Global Human Rights Torch Relay, Tibetan Freedom Torch, and the
11	Beijing 2008 Torch Relay will all make stops in San Francisco in 2008; and,
12	WHEREAS, Peoples from all lands, including China, have come to the United
13	States of America and passed through or settled in the of San Francisco seeking a better life,
14	including religious and other fundamental human freedoms; and,
15	WHEREAS, The Charter of the United Nations was signed in the City and
16	County of San Francisco in the War Memorial Opera House on June 26, 1945; and,
17	WHEREAS, The Universal Declaration of Human Rights, adopted by the United
18	Nations General Assembly on December 10, 1947, recognizes the inherent dignity and the
19	equal and inalienable rights of all members of the human family as the foundation of freedom,
20	justice and peace in the world; and,
21	WHEREAS, The People's Republic of China, as a United Nations Member State
22	since October 25, 1971, is pledged to uphold the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and
23	therein to achieve the promotion of universal respect for and observance of human rights and
24	fundamental freedoms; and,
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WHEREAS, The Olympic Charter sets forth the conditions for the celebration of the
Olympic Games and codifies the fundamental principles of Olympism, the goal of which is to
place sport at the service of the harmonious development of humankind, with a view to
promoting a peaceful society concerned with the preservation of human dignity; and,
WHEREAS, The support of the international community for China's bid
to host the 2008 Olympics and the granting of that bid was based on the pledge made by
President of the Beijing Olympic Organizing Committee (BOCOG) Liu Qi stating: "To make
the national capital peaceful and orderly, people must have a means of voicing their opinions
and the mechanism for solving social problems at the grassroots level will be improved"; and,
WHEREAS, Since receiving this honor, the Chinese government escalated
persecutions of many groups. The groups persecuted, in part, are journalists, political

WHEREAS, The Beijing 2008 Olympic Games has become a reason for political persecutions by Chinese government such as that of Yang Chunlin, an activist from Heilongjiang province, who was arrested in July 2007 and currently awaits trial for his signature in the petition by farmers protesting land seizures called, "We Want Human Rights, not the Olympics."

dissidents, human rights attorneys, trade unionists, environmentalists, and victims of property

confiscation, Falun Gong practitioners, "unofficial" church members of Christians and

WHEREAS, According to Human Rights Watch, freedoms of the media are under assault in China ahead of the 2008 Beijing Olympics. "The Chinese government's attempts to intimidate and detain foreign journalists for simply doing their jobs shows contempt for Olympic ideas of fair play. The ongoing harassment and detention of journalists makes Beijing's Olympic pledge on media freedoms seem more like a public relations ploy than a sincere policy initiative."

Muslims, Tibetan Buddhists.

WHEREAS, In October 2007, Ronggyal Adrak, a Tibetan nomad who was being

2	prosecuted for publicly calling for religious freedoms and a visit to Tibet by the Dalai Lama,
3	was found guilty of subversion and "inciting separatism" and has been sentenced five years in
4	jail; and,
5	WHEREAS, According to Human Rights Watch, the increasing use of subversion
6	charges, a state security offense, to silence dissent is consistent with official statistics from
7	the Ministry of Justice, and reflects an increase of almost twenty percent of state security
8	convictions between 2006 and 2007, for example: Hu Jia, a leading human rights activist,
9	was formally arrested on January 30, 2008. Hu was taken by the police from his home on
10	December 27, 2007, shortly after he gave testimony via webcam to the European Parliament
11	in which he expressed his desire for 2008 to be "the year of human rights in China."
12	WHEREAS, The United Nations Human Rights Counsel reported information on March
13	15, 2006 regarding allegations received of organ harvesting inflicted on a large number of
14	unwilling Falun Gong practitioners for the purpose of making available organs for transplant
15	operations. According to the report, vital organs including hearts, kidneys, livers and corneas

WHEREAS, The Chinese government has sold millions of dollars worth of arms to the Sudanese government which have been used against civilians in Darfur; and,

were systematically harvested from Falun Gong practitioners at Sujiatan Hospital, Shenyang,

WHEREAS, The Chinese government vetoed a draft resolution before the United Nations Security Council calling on the government of Burma to respect human rights and begin a democratic transition; and,

WHEREAS, The United States Department of State Annual Country Reports on Human Rights Practices reporting on China for 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, described that government's human rights record as poor. Recently for 2006, the condition has deteriorated

Liaoning province and other locations" and,

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1	in Tibet. The Department also stated that the level of repression of religious freedom
2	remained high and that authorities continue to commit serious human rights abuses, including
3	torture, arbitrary arrest and detention, house arrest and surveillance of dissidents, and
4	arbitrary restrictions on free movement; and,
5	WHEREAS, U.S. House Representatives Dana Rohrabacher (CA), Joseph Pitts (PA),
6	Eleana Ros-Lehtinen (FL), Thaddeus McCotter (MA), John Doolittle (CA), Dan Burton (IN),
7	Frank Wolf (VA), and Christopher Smith (NJ) have co-sponsored House Resolution 610
8	(August 2007), calling for a boycott of the 2008 Beijing Olympic Games because of on-going
9	human rights violations in China; and,
10	WHEREAS, Last November 2007, U.S. Congressman Adam Schiff and eight of his
11	colleagues sent a letter to Liu Qi, Beijing Olympic Organizing Committee (BOCOG) President,
12	expressing their deep concern "about the lack of improvement of the human rights situation in
13	China. Despite explicit promises made by Chinese government officials in 2001, the Chinese
14	government has not taken serious steps to expand basic rights and freedom;" and,
15	WHEREAS, The Global Human Rights Torch Relay (HRTR) started in Athens, Greek
16	on August 9, 2007 has traveled Europe, Australia and Africa and will make its stop in San
17	Francisco on April 5, 2008. Over 35 countries and more than 100 cities are part of the relay
18	that will span across Europe, Asia, North America, Africa and Australia and continue until
19	August 2008, but highlights the message that the "The Olympics & Crimes Against Humanity
20	Cannot Co-exist in China;" and,
21	WHEREAS, The Tibetan Freedom Torch will start in Athens, Greece on March 10,
22	2008 and is planned to travel to over 50 cities worldwide, including traveling through Europe,
23	North and South America, Australia, and Asia, and will make its stop in San Francisco on April
24	8, 2008. The Tibetan Freedom Torch is a symbol of the hopes and aspirations of the Tibetan
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people for freedom and justice, and of the commitment of people around the world to helping
achieve this goal; and,

WHEREAS, The Beijing 2008 Torch Relay purposely designated San Francisco as its first and only stop in all of North America. While the publicity of this stop can cover up the human rights crisis inside China, this stop will also provide the people of San Francisco a life time opportunity to help 1.3 billion Chinese people gain more freedoms and rights; and,

WHEREAS, The Olympic Charter calls for "respect for universal fundamental ethical principles" and "the harmonious development of man, with a view to promoting a peaceful society concerned with the preservation of human dignity... Any form of discrimination with regard to a country or a person on grounds of race, religion, politics, gender or otherwise is incompatible with belonging to the Olympic Movement"; and,

WHERAS, San Franciscans has a long record for fighting for the advancement of human rights for all people; and,

WHEREAS, The arrival of the Beijing 2008 Olympic Torch is a historic opportunity to reaffirm human dignity and promote fundamental human rights for all people and urge the Government and People's Republic of China to take substantial measures to improve the human rights situation in China and Tibet; and,

WHEREAS, During the week of March 10, 2008, over one thousand monks from the three largest Tibetan Buddhist monasteries in Lhasa, Tibet, staged peaceful protests for Tibetan freedom and justice, were all brutally squashed by Chinese soldiers; and in the aftermath of which, protests spread to hundreds of other parts of Tibet participated by monks, nuns, lay people, university students and school children and was met with similar violence: and,

WHEREAS, The Committee of 100 for Tibet, which is comprised of Nobel Laureates, heads of states, artists, scholars, and other prominent international figures, has stated that as

1	a result of the violent crackdown, there are confirmed reports of over 100 Tibetans killed, and
2	it is feared that that number of killed and jailed may be in the thousands; and,
3	WHEREAS, The Dalai Lama, who the United States Congress recognizes as the true
4	representative of the Tibetan people as expressed by Senate Resolution 41/House of
5	Representative 145 of the 102 nd Congress and affirmed by House Resolution 1779/Senate
6	852: The Tibetan Policy Act of 2001, has urged his followers to refrain from any violence and
7	appealed to the Chinese government to immediately stop its brutal crackdown on peaceful
8	protestors: and,
9	WHEREAS, U.S. House Speaker Nancy Pelosi has called the violent response of the
10	Chinese police forces to the peaceful protests in Tibet "disgraceful", and has called for strong
11	condemnation from the United States Government and the international community; and,
12	WHEREAS, The United Nations Secretary-General Ban Ki-moon, Pope Benedict XVI
13	and Amnesty International have all called for the Chinese government to exercise restraint,
14	and to stop the use of excessive force; and now therefore be it
15	RESOLVED, The San Francisco Board of Supervisors urges our federal
16	representatives to call for an international inquiry to investigate these recent atrocities and
17	urges the Chinese government to allow independent media in Tibet; and be it
18	FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors urges Mayor Gavin Newsom to
19	express his concern regarding the recent human rights atrocities in Tibet when he hosts the
20	Beijing Olympics torch in the City on April 8 and 9 and to urge the government of the People's
21	Republic of China to genuinely comply with the principles of tolerance and respect as
22	symbolized by the spirit behind the Olympic games; and, be it
23	FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors urges Mayor Newsom to
24	provide full access to Tibetans and other human rights advocates to protest the passing of the

1	Olympic torch in San Francisco, and not to limit their movement to such areas as
2	"First Amendment Areas"; and be it
3	FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors urges the Olympic Committee
4	to boycott the Beijing 2008 Olympics Opening Ceremony if there is no cessation of violence
5	from Chinese security forces against peaceful protestors and other critics of the Chinese
6	government; and be it
7	FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors commend the efforts of the
8	Human Rights Torch Relay and the Tibetan Freedom Torch in raising awareness about the
9	human rights situation in China; and, be it
10	FURTHER RESOLVED, That the San Francisco Board of Supervisors urges the
11	City's representative who will officially receive the 2008 Summer Olympic Games Torch to
12	welcome the Torch in the explicit spirit of Olympism, consistent with the United Nations
13	Charter established in this City, and the United Nations Universal Declaration of Human
14	Rights; be it
15	FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors urges the above City Official
16	to also make publicly known that the 2008 Summer Olympic Games Torch is received with
17	alarm and protest at the failure of China to meet its past solemn promises to the
18	international community, including the citizens of San Francisco, to cease the egregious and
19	ongoing human rights abuses in China and occupied Tibet.
20	FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Board of Supervisors urges our representatives in
21	the U.S. Senate and House of Representatives to take an active role in supporting all efforts
22	to stop human rights violations in China and throughout the world.
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